

Mathematics End Points: Key Assessment Criteria.

Nanpean Community Primary School
Nurturing Children's Passion to Succeed

By the end of KS1 (teaching content covered in	By the end of LKS2 (teaching content covered in	By the end of UKS2 (teaching content covered in
 Years 1 and 2): I can count forwards and backwards in multiples of 2, 5 and 10, up to 10 	 Years 3 and 4): I can recognise the place value of each digit in four-digit numbers, and 	 Years 5 and 6): I can understand the relationship between powers of 10 from 1 hundredth to
multiples, beginning with any multiple, and count forwards and backwards through the odd numbers.	compose and decompose four-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning.	10 million, and use this to make a given number 10, 100, 1,000, 1 tenth, 1 hundredth or 1 thousandth times the size (multiply and divide by 10, 100 and
 I can read, write and interpret equations containing addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) symbols, and relate additive expressions and equations to real-life contexts. 	 I can reason about the location of any four-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 1,000 and 100, and rounding to the nearest of each. 	 1,000). I can recognise the place value of each digit in numbers up to 10 million, including decimal fractions, and compose and decompose numbers up to 10
 I can recognise the place value of each digit in two-digit numbers, and compose and decompose two-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning. 	 I can recall multiplication and division facts up to 12 × 12, and recognise products in multiplication tables as multiples of the corresponding number. I can solve division problems, with two-digit dividends and one-digit divisors, 	million using standard and non-standard partitioning. I can reason about the location of any number up to 10 million, including decimal fractions, in the linear number system, and round numbers, as
 I can reason about the location of any two-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 10. 	that involve remainders, and interpret remainders appropriately according to the context.	 appropriate, including in contexts. I can divide powers of 10, from 1 hundredth to 10 million, into 2, 4, 5 and 10
 I can add and subtract within 100 by applying related one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and subtract only ones or only tens to/from a two-digit number. 	I can apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 100). 1	equal parts, and read scales/number lines with labelled intervals divided into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts. I can understand that 2 numbers can be related additively or multiplicatively,
 I can add and subtract within 100 by applying related one-digit addition and subtraction facts. 	 I can multiply and divide whole numbers by 10 and 100 (keeping to whole number quotients); understand this as equivalent to making a number 10 or 100 times the size. 	and quantify additive and multiplicative relationships (multiplicative relationships restricted to multiplication by a whole number).
• I can recognise repeated addition contexts, representing them with multiplication equations and calculating the product, within the 2, 5 and 10	I can manipulate multiplication and division equations, understand and apply the commutative property of multiplication.	 I can use a given additive or multiplicative calculation to derive or complete a related calculation, using arithmetic properties, inverse relationships, and place-value understanding.
 multiplication tables. I can relate grouping problems where the number of groups is unknown to 	 I can reason about the location of mixed numbers in the linear number system. 	I can solve problems involving ratio relationships.
multiplication or division equations with a missing factor.	I can convert mixed numbers to improper fractions and vice versa.	 I can recognise when fractions can be simplified, and use common factors to simplify fractions.
 I can recognise common 2D and 3D shapes presented in different orientations, and know that rectangles, triangles, cuboids and pyramids are not always similar to one another. 	 I can add and subtract improper and mixed fractions with the same denominator, including bridging whole numbers. 	I can express fractions in a common denomination and use this to compare fractions that are similar in value.
I can use precise language to describe the properties of 2D and 3D shapes,	 I can draw polygons, specified by coordinates in the first quadrant, and translate within the first quadrant. 	I can compare fractions with different denominators, including fractions
and compare shapes by reasoning about similarities and differences in properties.	• I can identify regular polygons, including equilateral triangles and squares, as those in which the side-lengths are equal and the angles are equal. Find the	greater than 1, using reasoning, and choose between reasoning and common denomination as a comparison strategy.
	perimeter of regular and irregular polygons.	I can draw, compose, and decompose shapes according to given properties, including dimensions, angles and area, and solve related problems.
	 I can identify line symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations. Reflect shapes in a line of symmetry and complete a symmetric figure or pattern with respect to a specified line of symmetry. 	archaung amensions, angles and area, and solve related problems.
By the end of KS1 (Year 2) I will be a	By the end of LKS2 (Year 4) I will be a	By the end of UKS2 (Year 6) I will be an
Growing Mathematician.	Skilled Mathematician.	Experienced Mathematician.